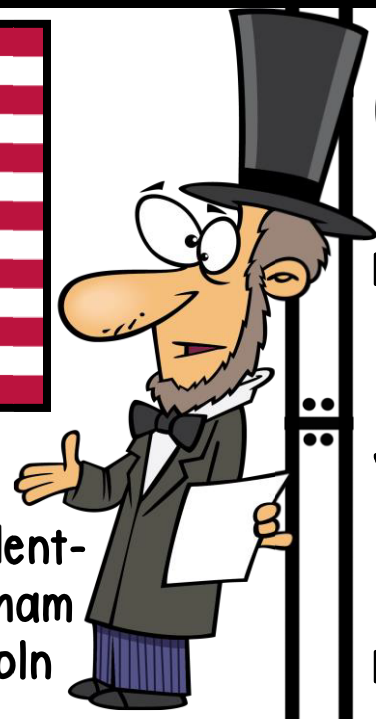


WHO:
23 states
(including 4 border states)



UNITED STATES



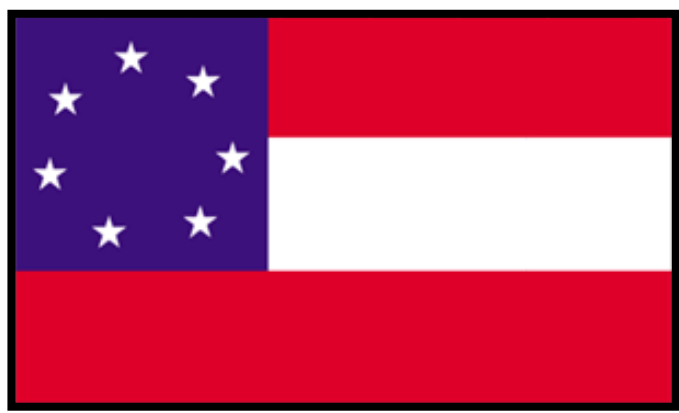
President-
Abraham
Lincoln



Capital - Washington, D.C.

VS.

11 states



CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA

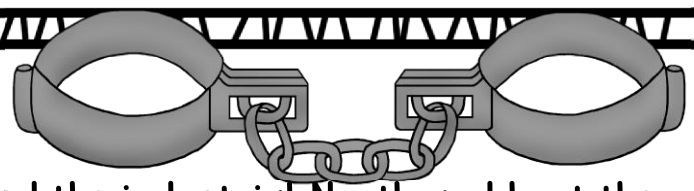
Capital -
Richmond,
Virginia



President-
Jefferson
Davis

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CAUSES:



- *Tariffs: These import taxes benefited the industrial North and hurt the agricultural South.
- *States' Rights: Which entity was supreme, the state or the federal government?
- *Slavery: Some people wanted to end slavery while others did not
- *Balance of Power: Conflict over the number of free and slave states
- *Election of Abraham Lincoln: After Lincoln was elected in 1860, South Carolina seceded from the Union and other states followed

WHEN: 1861-1865

FT. SUMTER:

The war began when troops from South Carolina fired upon Federal forces stationed at Ft. Sumter in Charleston Harbor.



IMPORTANT MILITARY FIGURES:

NORTH

- *Ulysses S. Grant
- *George McClellan
- *William Tecumseh Sherman
- *Winfield Scott Hancock
- *David Farragut
- *George Custer
- *Ambrose Burnside
- *George Meade
- *John Pope

SOUTH

- *Robert E. Lee
- *Stonewall Jackson
- *Nathan Bedford Forrest
- *J.E.B. Stuart
- *James Longstreet
- *George Pickett
- *Joseph Johnston
- *P.G.T. Beauregard
- *Albert Sidney Johnston



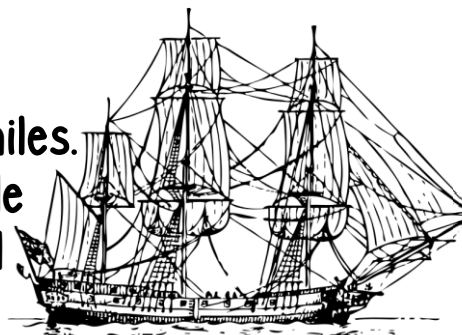
ANACONDA PLAN: (Union plan to defeat the Confederacy)



- (1) Blockade Southern ports to cut off essential supplies
- (2) Divide the Confederacy in two by taking control of the Mississippi River
- (3) Raise an army of 500,000 to take Richmond

BLOCKADE RUNNING:

- *The Union blockade stretched over 3500 miles.
- *The Confederacy used ships called blockade runners to slip undetected past Union patrol ships.



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DRAFT:

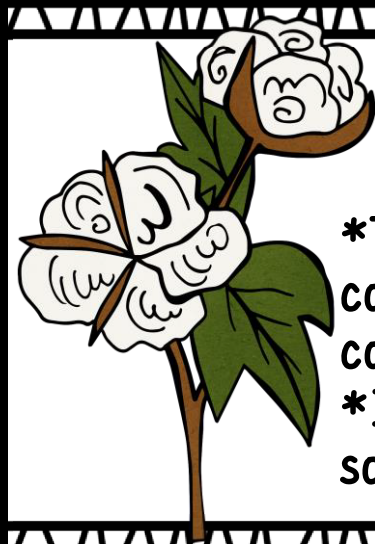
*Both sides used a draft and required men to join the military to fight in the war.



*In the North, men who did not want to fight could find a substitute or pay \$300.

*In the South, men who owned 20 or more slaves were exempt from the draft.

COTTON DIPLOMACY



*The Confederacy hoped that European countries like Great Britain who bought Southern cotton would come to their aid.

*Instead, the countries found new and cheaper sources of cotton and stayed out of the war.

IMPORTANT BATTLES:



1861

*Bull Run/Manassas
(Confederate victory)

1862

*Ft. Henry and Donelson
(Union victories)

*Hampton Roads (tie)

*Shiloh (Union victory)

*New Orleans (Union victory)

*2nd Bull Run/Manassas
(Confederate victory)

*Antietam/Sharpsburg (tie)

*Fredericksburg
(Confederate
victory)

1863

*Chancellorsville (Confederate
victory)

*Vicksburg (Union victory)

*Gettysburg (Union victory)

*Chickamauga (Confederate
victory)

*Chattanooga (Union victory)

1864-1865

*Wilderness (Union victory)

*Cold Harbor (Confederate
victory)

*Atlanta (Union victory)

*Sherman's March to the Sea
(Union victories)

*Petersburg (Union victory)

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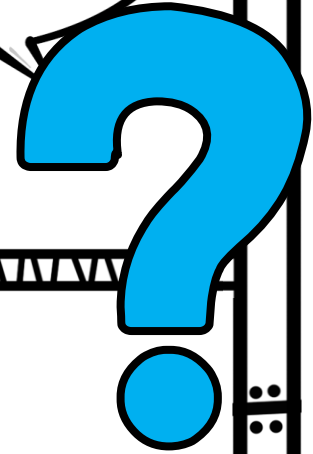
EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION:

- *Written after the Battle of Antietam, Lincoln's executive order went into effect on January 1, 1863.
- *It freed the slaves in the rebelling states, but NOT the slaves in the Border States.

WAR ENDS:

- *Shortly after the fall of Petersburg, Robert E. Lee surrendered to Ulysses S. Grant at Appomattox Court House on April 9, 1865.
- *In the weeks that followed, the rest of the Confederate troops surrendered and the war ended.

What do you think should have happen to the Southern officers and soldiers who surrendered?



ASSASSINATION:

- *April 14, 1865 - John Wilkes Booth assassinated Lincoln at Ford's Theater in Washington, D.C.
- *Vice President Andrew Johnson became president and was responsible for putting the nation back together (Reconstruction).

RESULTS:



*More than 620,000 died in the war (includes those who died in battle, from battle wounds, from disease & infection, and in prison camps)

- *\$15 billion in war costs and property losses
- *Supremacy of federal government over state governments
- *Inflation
- *End of slavery
- *Destroyed the Southern economy
- *Helped transform the Northeast into an industrial power

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